§ 1001.13 Producer milk.

Producer milk means the skim milk (or the skim equivalent of components of skim milk) and butterfat contained in milk of a producer that is:

- (a) Received by the operator of a pool plant directly from a producer or from a handler described in §1000.9(c). Any milk which is picked up from the producer's farm in a tank truck under the control of the operator of a pool plant or a handler described in §1000.9(c) but which is not received at a plant until the following month shall be considered as having been received by the handler during the month in which it is picked up at the farm. All milk received pursuant to this paragraph shall be priced at the location of the plant where it is first physically received;
- (b) Received by the operator of a pool plant or a handler described in §1000.9(c) in excess of the quantity delivered to pool plants subject to the following conditions:
- (1) The producers whose farms are outside of the states included in the marketing area and outside the states of Maine or West Virginia shall be organized into state units and each such unit shall be reported separately; and
- (2) For pooling purposes, each reporting unit must satisfy the shipping standards specified for a supply plant pursuant to §1001.7(c);
- (c) Diverted by a proprietary pool plant operator to another pool plant. Milk so diverted shall be priced at the location of the plant to which diverted; or
- (d) Diverted by the operator of a pool plant or by a handler described in §1000.9(c) to a nonpool plant, subject to the following conditions:
- (1) Milk of a dairy farmer shall not be eligible for diversion unless one day's milk production of such dairy farmer was physically received as producer milk and the dairy farmer has continuously retained producer status since that time. If a dairy farmer loses producer status under the order in this part (except as a result of a temporary loss of Grade A approval), the dairy farmer's milk shall not be eligible for diversion unless milk of the dairy farmer has been physically received as producer milk at a pool plant during the month:

- (2) Of the total quantity of producer milk received during the month (including diversion but excluding the quantity of producer milk received from a handler described in §1000.9(c) or which is diverted to another pool plant), the handler diverted to nonpool plants not more than 80 percent during each of the months of September through November and 90 percent during each of the months of January through August and December. In the event that a handler causes the milk of a producer to be over diverted, a dairy farmer will not lose producer status;
- (3) Diverted milk shall be priced at the location of the plant to which diverted.
- (4) Any milk diverted in excess of the limits set forth in paragraph (d)(2) of this section shall not be producer milk. The diverting handler shall designate the dairy farmer deliveries that shall not be producer milk. If the handler fails to designate the dairy farmer deliveries which are ineligible, producer milk status shall be forfeited with respect to all milk diverted to nonpool plants by such handler; and
- (5) The delivery day requirement and the diversion percentages in paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2) of this section may be increased or decreased by the Market Administrator if the Market Administrator finds that such revision is necessary to assure orderly marketing and efficient handling of milk in the marketing area. Before making such a finding, the Market Administrator shall investigate the need for the revision either on the Market Administrator's own initiative or at the request of interested persons if the request is made in writing at least 15 days prior to the month for which the requested revision is desired to be effective. If the investigation shows that a revision might be appropriate, the Market Administrator shall issue a notice stating that the revision is being considered and inviting written data, views, and arguments. Any decision to revise an applicable percentage or delivery day requirement must be issued in writing at least one day before the effective date.
- (e) Producer milk shall not include milk of a producer that is subject to inclusion and participation in a

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marketwide equalization pool under a milk classification and pricing program imposed under the authority of another government entity.

[64 FR 47954, Sept. 1, 1999, as amended at 70 FR 18962, Apr. 12, 2005]

§ 1001.14 Other source milk.

See § 1000.14.

§ 1001.15 Fluid milk product.

See § 1000.15.

§ 1001.16 Fluid cream product.

See §1000.16.

§ 1001.17 [Reserved]

§ 1001.18 Cooperative association.

See §1000.18.

§ 1001.19 Commercial food processing establishment.

See §1000.19.

HANDLER REPORTS

§ 1001.30 Reports of receipts and utilization.

Each handler shall report monthly so that the Market Administrator's office receives the report on or before the 10th day after the end of the month, in the detail and on prescribed forms, as follows:

- (a) Each pool plant operator shall report for each of its operations the following information:
- (1) Product pounds, pounds of butterfat, pounds of protein, and pounds of nonfat solids other than protein (other solids) contained in or represented by:
- (i) Receipts of producer milk, including producer milk diverted by the reporting handler, from sources other than handlers described in §1000.9(c); and
- (ii) Receipts of milk from handlers described in §1000.9(c);
- (2) Product pounds and pounds of butterfat contained in:
- (i) Receipts of fluid milk products and bulk fluid cream products from other pool plants;
- (ii) Receipts of other source milk; and
- (iii) Inventories at the beginning and end of the month of fluid milk products and bulk fluid cream products;

- (3) The utilization or disposition of all milk and milk products required to be reported pursuant to this paragraph; and
- (4) Such other information with respect to the receipts and utilization of skim milk, butterfat, milk protein, and other nonfat solids as the market administrator may prescribe.
- (b) Each handler operating a partially regulated distributing plant shall report with respect to such plant in the same manner as prescribed for reports required by paragraph (a) of this section. Receipts of milk that would have been producer milk if the plant had been fully regulated shall be reported in lieu of producer milk. The report shall show also the quantity of any reconstituted skim milk in route disposition in the marketing area.
- (c) Each handler described in §1000.9(c) shall report:
- (1) The product pounds, pounds of butterfat, pounds of protein, and the pounds of solids-not-fat other than protein (other solids) contained in receipts of milk from producers; and
- (2) The utilization or disposition of such receipts.
- (d) Each handler not specified in paragraph (a) or (b) of this section shall report with respect to its receipts and utilization of milk and milk products in such manner as the market administrator may prescribe.

[64 FR 47954, Sept. 1, 1999, as amended at 70 FR 18963, Apr. 12, 2005]

§ 1001.31 Payroll reports.

- (a) On or before the 22nd day after the end of each month, each handler that operates a pool plant pursuant to \$1001.7 and each handler described in \$1000.9(c) shall report to the market administrator its producer payroll for the month, in detail prescribed by the market administrator, showing for each producer the information specified in \$1001.73(e).
- (b) Each handler operating a partially regulated distributing plant who elects to make payment pursuant to §1000.76(b) shall report for each dairy farmer who would have been a producer if the plant had been fully regulated in the same manner as prescribed for reports required by paragraph (a) of this section.